PREFLIGHT

Weather Density Altitude
Weight & Balance Flight Plan
Frequencies & Phone #'s Alternate Airfields
Papers: AROW Airworthiness, Registration,
Operating Limits (POH/AFM, Placards), Weight
& Balance, Pilot Certificate, Current Medical
WALK AROUND - A CRITICAL LOOK FOR

DAMAGE OR ANYTHING UNUSUAL

COCKPIT

Control Wheel Lock or Belts Remove Parking Brake Set Ignition Off, Key Removed Avionics Power Switch Off Master Switch On Flaps Check Operating Range, UP Fuel Selector Valve **Desired Tank Fuel Quantity** Check Pitot Heat Test Lights & Strobes Check Windows Clean Static Pressure Alt. Source Valve Off Hobbs/Tachometer Record Time Master Switch Off

EXTERIOR

ALWAYS USE THE SAME SEQUENCE

Tie-Downs, Chocks, Gust Lock Remove Pitot & Static Covers Remove Fuel Check Quantity, Color, Water, Dirt Caps/Drains/Vents OK Check Level, Dipstick Seated Belts, Engine, Exhaust, Leaks Check Cowling, Inspection Covers Secure Air Intake Clear Propeller/Spinner Check for Damage Stall Warning Test Ailerons & Flaps Free & Secure Winas Free of Ice. Snow. Frost Pitot & Static Ports Unobstructed Fuselage, Antennas Undamaged Rudder, Elevator, Trim Tab Free & Secure Main 4.5", Nose 3.25" Tires, Brakes, Struts Baggage Door, Tow Bar Close & Secure

INTERIOR

Inspection & Passenger Briefing
Brakes
Seat Tracks
Secure
Belts & Harnesses
Loose Items, Baggage
Flight Documents/Charts
Completed
Test & Set
Secure
Secure
Secure
Organized

START

Avionics Power Switch Off Beacon & Navigation Lights On Circuit Breakers In Fuel Selector Valve Desired Tank Carburetor Heat Off Mixture Rich Throttle Open 1/4 inch Test & Set Again Brakes **CLEAR PROP** Propeller Area Master Switch On Electric Fuel Pump On Ignition Switch (Prime if Needed) Start Adjust to 800-1200 RPM Throttle Oil Pressure Check Green Avionics Power Switch, Radios On

PRE-TAXI & TAXI

Flaps Up
Avionics/Radios On/Set Frequencies
Transponder STBY
ATIS or AWOS Listen & Note
Altimeter Set
Test & Set: Brakes, Compass, Altitude,

Heading & Turn Indicators, and Inclinometer Landing/Taxi Lights

As Required

RUN-UP

Brakes Set & Hold Seats, Belts, Harnesses Upright & Secure Cabin Doors, Windows Closed & Latched Flight Controls Free & Correct Primer In & Locked Fuel Selector Proper Tank, Quantity OK Fuel Pump Off, Check Fuel Pressure, ON Mixture Rich or Appropriate Elevator & Rudder Trim Set for Takeoff Annunciator Panel Press to Test Autopilot & Air Conditioner Check, Off Throttle 2000 RPM Check:

Magnetos R,B,L,B
(Up to a 175 RPM drop in either
Magneto or 50 RPM differential)

Carburetor Heat On, Off, leave Off
Vacuum Gauge Normal (5 inches ± .1)

Amps/Volts In the Green

Oil Pressure & Temp. In the Green
Throttle 1000 RPM, Check Idle & Friction
Flaps Set for Takeoff
Pitot Heat As Required
Heading Indicator Adjust to Compass
Transponder ALT

FLIGHT

BE READY TO ABORT TAKEOFF

NORMAL TAKEOFF

Proper Runway Check Runway Heading Traffic Check Strobes, Landing Light On when Cleared Flaps & Trim Set for Takeoff Carburetor Heat Off Electric Fuel Pump On. Pressure OK Mixture Rich (above 5,000, Lean) Brakes Release Full Open Throttle Oil Pressure & Temperature In the Green Rotate at **52-65** KIAS (60-75) Flevator 76/64 KIAS (87/74) Vy/Vx Normal Climb Out **76** KIAS (87)

SHORT FIELD

Follow the initial steps from the **NORMAL TAKEOFF** checklist above, then:

Flaps 25°
Brakes Hold & then Release
Throttle Full Open
Oil Pressure & Temperature In the Green
Elevator Rotate 41-49 KIAS (47-56)
Initial Climb Speed 45-54 KIAS (52-62)
Flaps Retract Slowly at Safe Altitude

CLIMB

Airspeed 76-87 KIAS (87-100)
Throttle Full Open
Mixture Rich (above 5,000, Lean)
Engine Instruments Check
Landing/Taxi Lights Off
Flight Plan Call to Open

CRUISE

Power 75% or Less
Elevator & Rudder Trim Adjust
Mixture Lean above 5000
Fuel Change Tanks as Required
Fuel Pump Off (On when changing Tanks)
Engine & Flight Instruments Consult
Altimeter Set QNH
Heading Indicator Adjust to Compass

DESCENT

Carburetor Heat On as Required
Power 2500 RPM
Airspeed 122 KIAS (140)
Mixture Full Rich
ATIS/AWOS Listen & Note, Set QNH
Wind Check Direction & Crosswind

LANDING CHECKLIST

Brakes Pressure in Pedals Down & Welded Undercarriage Mixture, Master, Magnetos Rich, On, Both Fuel Selector Valve Proper Tank Electric Fuel Pump Oil Pressure & Temperature OK Hatches & Harnesses Secure Seat Backs Most Upright Position Carburetor Heat On Autopilot & Air Conditioner Off Landing/Taxi Lights On

NORMAL LANDING

Mixture Full Rich Electric Fuel Pump On Power As Required Approach Airspeed **75** KIAS (86) Flaps Up As Required, ≤102 KIAS (117) Flaps 66 KIAS (76) (Flaps 40°) Final Carburetor Heat Off AT 200 feet Brakes Minimum Required

SHORT FIELD LANDING

Full flaps and enough power to maintain the desired airspeed and approach flight path. Reduce speed during flareout and contact the ground at close to the stalling speed. Brake while holding nose wheel off ground.

GO AROUND

Throttle Full Open
Carburetor Heat Off
Electric Fuel Pump On
Flaps Retract to 25°
Airspeed 64 KIAS (74)
Flaps Retract Slowly after 76 KIAS (87)

AFTER LANDING

Flaps (NO STEP unless flaps up) Up
Electric Fuel Pump Off
Landing/Taxi Light As Required
Strobes Off
Transponder STBY
Trim Takeoff

SHUT DOWN

Parking Brake Set if Necessary
Avionics/Electrical/All Lights/ELT Off
Magnetos Check; R,B,L, B
Mixture Idle Cut-Off
Ignition Switch & Master Switch Off
Hobbs/Tachometer Record
Chocks, Tie Downs, Covers, Doors Secure
Flight Plan Call to Close

EMERGENCIES

MAINTAIN CONTROL

LOSS OF OIL PRESSURE HIGH OIL TEMPERATURE

Land Aircraft As Soon As Possible Prepare for Power Off Landing

POWER LOSS – TAKEOFF

If sufficient runway remains for a normal landing, land straight ahead.

If insufficient runway remains, maintain safe airspeed, make only shallow turns to avoid obstructions, flaps as situation requires.

If sufficient altitude has been gained to attempt a restart - maintain safe airspeed: Fuel Selector Switch to tank containing fuel Electric Fuel Pump Check On Check Rich Mixture Carburetor Heat On Primer Locked If power is not regained, proceed with power off landing.

POWER LOSS - IN FLIGHT

ATTEMPT RESTART:

Fuel Selector Switch to tank containing fuel Electric Fuel Pump Mixture Rich Carburetor Heat On Primer In & Locked Master, Magnetos Check On, Both **Engine Gauges** Check for Cause If no fuel pressure is indicated, check tank selector position again

If time permits, turn the ignition switch to L then to R then back to BOTH. Move the Throttle and Mixture control levers to different settings. Try other fuel tanks. Water in the fuel could take some time to be used up, and allowing the engine to windmill may restore power. If power loss is due to water, fuel pressure indications will be normal.

IF POWER IS RESTORED:

Carburetor Heat Off Electric Fuel Pump Off IF POWER IS NOT RESTORED - POWER **OFF LANDING:**

Airspeed (Best Glide) **76** KIAS (87) Note Wind Look for Best Landing Site

Establish Spiral Pattern; try to be at 1000 feet above field at downwind position.

Radio **Emergency Call** Transponder Squawk 7700

Passengers Brief Approach 66 KIAS (76)

Touchdown at lowest possible airspeed with full flaps.

When Committed to Landing:

Ianition Off Master Switch Off Fuel Selector Off Mixture Idle Cut-Off

Seats Upright, Belts, Harnesses Secure Unlatch Doors

LOSS OF FUEL PRESSURE

Electric Fuel Pump On Fuel Selector Check on Full Tank

ENGINE FIRE - START

Starter Crank Engine Mixture Idle Cut-Off Throttle Open Electric Fuel Pump

Off

Fuel Selector If fire continues for more than a few seconds. then fire should be extinguished by the best

external means.

FIRE IN FLIGHT

ELECTRICAL FIRE (Smoke in Cabin):

Off Master Switch Vents Open Cabin Heat Off

Land as soon as practicable

ENGINE FIRE:

Fuel Selector Off Throttle Closed Mixture Idle Cut-Off Off

Electric Fuel Pump Heater & Defroster Off

ALTERNATOR INOPERATIVE LIGHT:

Ammeter Check to verify Inop. Alternator Electrical Load Reduce Alternator Circuit Breaker Check & Reset Alternator switch (ALT) Cycle, Off, On If power is not restored, turn off ALT, leave Battery (BAT) on. Battery is the only remaining source of electrical power. Reduce electrical loads, land ASAP

AMMETER INDICATES HIGH OUTPUT:

High reading may be caused by a low battery, or other abnormal electrical load. If interlocked BAT/ALT switch, turn ALT Off, use battery only, land ASAP. If separate BAT/Alt switches, cycle BAT switch. If the Ammeter reading does not decrease within five minutes, turn BAT switch Off, use alternator only and land as soon as possible.

USEFUL DATA

Rate of Climb – Sea Level, Std. ° 730 FPM Service Ceilina 13650 Feet Landing - 50', Sea Level, Std. ° 1400 Feet Landing - Ground Roll 920 Feet Takeoff - 50', 25% flaps, SL, Std. ° 1680 Feet Takeoff - Ground Roll 900 Feet Maximum Weight (Ramp) 2558 Lbs Empty Weight (varies/each aircraft) 1600 Lbs Maximum Useful Load 958 Lbs Fuel Capacity: Std 50 USG (48 usable) 24 USG usable, each tank (17 to tabs) (unusable fuel included in empty weight) Oil (included in empty aircraft weight) 8 USQ 100 LL (Blue), 100 (Green) Fuel Type

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IMPORTANT SPEEDS

		KIAS	MPH
Climb, Best Angle	V x	64	74
Climb, Best Rate	V y	76	87
Stall (full flaps)	V so	49	56
Stall (flaps up)	V si	55	63
Max Speed, flaps	V fe	102	117
Max Structural Cruise	V no	125	144
Maneuvering Speed	V a		
2550 lbs		113	130
1634 lbs		89	102
Never Exceed	V ne	154	177
Crosswind Landing (max	demo)	17	19
Rotation		52-65	60-75
Enroute Climb		87	100
Best Glide (1.6nm/1000 t	ft.)	76	87
(Flaps Up, No Wind, Po	wer Of	f, 2550	Lbs.)
Approach		75	86
Final Approach (full flaps	5)	66	76

CRUISE PERFORMANCE

Standard Temperature - 59°F/15°C, No Wind Wheel Fairings Installed, 2550 Lbs.

RPM % Power KTAS GPH NMPG

2,000 feet MSL:

2220	55%	97	7.8	12.4
2360	65%	110	9.0	12.2
2520	75%	119	10.6	11.2

6,000 feet MSL:

2300	55%	102	7.8	13.1
2460	65%	116	9.0	12.9
2600	75%	125	10.6	11.8

10,000 feet MSL:

2380	55%	108	7.8	13.9
2540	65%	122	9.0	13.6

10,000 feet MSL, Economy

(Mixture	leaned to	100° F	Rich of Pe	eak EGT)
*	55%	104	6.3	16.5

^{-----* 65% 119 7.6 15.7} * Not provided in Pilot Operating Handbook

KTAS = Knots True Airspeed KIAS = Knots Indicated Airspeed KCAS = Knots Calibrated Airspeed

Rule of Thumb – KIAS to KTAS, add 2% per 1000' of altitude.